

General Description

The MAX4188/MAX4189/MAX4190 are low-power, current-feedback video amplifiers featuring fast disable/enable times and low switching transients. The triple MAX4188 and the single MAX4190 are optimized for applications with closed-loop gains of +2V/V (6dB) or greater and provide a -3dB bandwidth of 200MHz and 185MHz, respectively. The triple MAX4189 is optimized for closed-loop applications with gains of +1V/V (0dB) or greater and provides a 250MHz -3dB bandwidth. These amplifiers feature 0.1dB gain flatness up to 80MHz with differential gain and phase errors of 0.03% and 0.05°. These features make the MAX4188 family ideal for video applications.

The MAX4188/MAX4189/MAX4190 operate from a $\pm 5V$ single supply or from $\pm 2.25V$ to $\pm 5.5V$ dual supplies. These amplifiers consume only 1.5mA per amplifier and are capable of delivering ± 55 mA of output current, making them ideal for portable and battery-powered equipment.

The MAX4188/MAX4189/MAX4190 have a high-speed disable/enable mode that isolates the inputs, places the outputs in a high-impedance state, and reduces the supply current to 450µA per amplifier. Each amplifier can be disabled independently. High off isolation, low switching transient, and fast enable/disable times (120ns/35ns) allow these amplifiers to be used in a wide range of multiplexer applications. A settling time of 22ns to 0.1%, a slew rate of up to 350V/µs, and low distortion make these devices useful in many general-purpose, high-speed applications.

The MAX4188/MAX4189 are available in a tiny 16-pin QSOP package, and the MAX4190 is available in a space-saving 8-pin μ MAX package.

Applications

High-Definition Surveillance Video

High-Speed Switching/Multiplexing

Portable/Battery-Powered Video/Multimedia Systems

High-Speed Analog-to-Digital Buffers

Medical Imaging

High-Speed Signal Processing

Professional Cameras

CCD Imaging Systems

RGB Distribution Amplifiers

Pin Configuration appears at end of data sheet.

_Features

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- Low Supply Current: 1.5mA per Amplifier
- Fast Enable/Disable Times: 120ns/35ns
- Very Low Switching Transient: 45mVp-p
- ♦ High Speed
 200MHz -3dB Small-Signal Bandwidth (MAX4188, AvcL ≥ +2)
 250MHz -3dB Small-Signal Bandwidth (MAX4189, AvcL ≥ +1)
 185MHz -3dB Small-Signal Bandwidth
- (MAX4190, A_{VCL} ≥ +2) ♦ High Slew Rate 350V/µs (MAX4188, A_{VCL} ≥ +2) 175V/µs (MAX4189, A_{VCL} ≥ +1)
- Excellent Video Specifications 85MHz -0.1dB Gain Flatness (MAX4190) 30MHz -0.1dB Gain Flatness (MAX4189) Differential Gain/Phase Errors 0.03%/0.05° (MAX4188)
- Low-Power Disable Mode Inputs Isolated, Outputs Placed in High-Z Supply Current Reduced to 450µA per Amplifier
- ♦ Fast Settling Time of 22ns to 0.1%
- Low Distortion
 70dB SFDR (f_c = 5MHz, V_O = 2V_{p-p}, MAX4188)
- Available in Space-Saving Packages 16-Pin QSOP (MAX4188/MAX4189) 8-Pin µMAX (MAX4190)

_Ordering Information

PART	TEMP. RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX4188ESD	-40°C to +85°C	14 SO
MAX4188EEE	-40°C to +85°C	16 QSOP

Ordering Information continued at end of data sheet.

Selector Guide

PART	OPTIMIZED FOR:	AMPLIFIERS PER PKG.	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX4188	$A_V \ge +2V/V$	3	14-pin SO, 16-pin QSOP
MAX4189	$A_V \ge +1V/V$	3	14-pin SO, 16-pin QSOP
MAX4190	$A_V \ge +2V/V$	1	8-pin µMAX/SO

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ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Supply Voltage (V _{CC} to V _{EE})+12V
IN_+, IN, DISABLE_ Voltage(VEE - 0.3V) to (VCC + 0.3V)
Differential Input Voltage (IN_+ to IN)±1.5V
Maximum Current into IN_+ or IN±10mA
Output Short-Circuit Current DurationContinuous
Continuous Power Dissipation ($T_A = +70^{\circ}C$)
8-Pin SO (derate 5.88mW/°C above +70°C)471mW
8-Pin µMAX (derate 4.1mW/°C above +70°C)

14-Pin SO (derate 8.3mW/°C above +70°C)	667mW
16-Pin QSOP (derate 8.3mW/°C above +70°C)	667mW
Operating Temperature Range40°C	to +85°C
Storage Temperature Range65°C to	o +150°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10sec)	+300°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—Dual Supplies

 $(V_{CC} = +5V; V_{EE} = -5V; IN + = 0; \overline{DISABLE}_{-} \ge 3.2V; MAX4188; A_V = +2V/V, R_F = R_G = 910\Omega \text{ for } R_L = 1k\Omega \text{ and } R_F = R_G = 560\Omega \text{ for } R_L = 150\Omega; MAX4189; A_V = +1V/V, R_F = 1600\Omega \text{ for } R_L = 1k\Omega \text{ and } R_F = 1100\Omega \text{ for } R_L = 150\Omega; MAX4190; A_V = +2V/V, R_F = R_G = 1300\Omega \text{ for } R_L = 1k\Omega, R_F = R_G = 680\Omega \text{ for } R_L = 150\Omega; T_A = T_{MIN} \text{ to } T_{MAX}, \text{ unless otherwise noted}. Typical values are specified at } T_A = +25^{\circ}C.$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Operating Supply Voltage		Inferred from PSRR tests	±2.25		±5.5	V
Input Voltage Range	V _{CM}	Guaranteed by CMRR test	±3.1	±3.4		V
Input Offset Voltage	Vos	V _{CM} = 0 (Note 1)		±1	±6	mV
Input Offset Voltage Tempco	TCvos			±10		µV/°C
Input Offset Voltage Matching				±1		mV
Input Bias Current (Positive Input)	I _{B+}			±1	±10	μA
Input Bias Current (Negative Input)	IB-			±2	±12	μΑ
Input Resistance (Positive Input)	RIN+	$-3.1V \le V_{CM} \le 3.1V$, $ V_{IN} + -V_{IN} - \le 1V$	100	350		kΩ
Input Resistance (Negative Input)	R _{IN-}			300		Ω
Input Capacitance (Positive Input)	C _{IN}			2.5		рF
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	$-3.1V \le V_{CM} \le 3.1V$	56	68		dB
Open-Loop Transresistance	T _R	$-3.1V \le V_{OUT} \le 3.1V$, $R_L = 1k\Omega$	1	7		MΩ
Open-Loop mansresistance	I IK	$-2.8V \le V_{OUT} \le 2.8V$, R _L = 150 Ω	0.3	2		10122
Output Voltage Swing	V _{SW}	$R_L = 1k\Omega$	±3.5	± 4.0		V
Output voltage Swing	V SVV	$R_L = 150\Omega$	±3.0	±3.3		V
Output Current	Iout	$R_L = 30\Omega$	±20	±55		mA
Output Short-Circuit Current	I _{SC}			±60		mA
Output Resistance	Rout			0.2		Ω
Disabled Output Leakage Current	IOUT(OFF)	$\overline{\text{DISABLE}} \le V_{\text{IL}}, V_{\text{OUT}} \le \pm 3.5 \text{V} \text{ (Note 2)}$		±0.8	±5	μΑ
Disabled Output Capacitance	COUT(OFF)	$\overline{\text{DISABLE}} \le V_{\text{IL}}, V_{\text{OUT}} \le \pm 3.5 \text{V}$		5		рF
DISABLE Low Threshold	VIL	(Note 3)			V _{CC} - 3	V
DISABLE High Threshold	VIH	(Note 3)	V _{CC} - 1.8			V
DISABLE Input Current	lin	$V_{EE} \le \overline{DISABLE} \le V_{CC}$		0.1	2	μΑ
Power-Supply Rejection Ratio (V _{CC})	PSRR+	$V_{EE} = -5V$, $V_{CC} = 4.5V$ to 5.5V	60	75		dB
Power-Supply Rejection Ratio (VEE)	PSRR-	$V_{CC} = 5V$, $V_{EE} = -4.5V$ to $-5.5V$	60	73		dB
Quiescent Supply Current (per Amplifier)	IS	R _L = open		1.5	1.85	mA
Disabled Supply Current (per Amplifier)	IS(OFF)	$\overline{\text{DISABLE}} \leq V_{\text{IL}}, R_{\text{L}} = \text{open}$		0.45	0.65	mA



DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—Single Supply

 $(V_{CC} = +5V; V_{EE} = 0; IN + = 2.5V; \overline{DISABLE} \ge 3.2V; R_L \text{ to } V_{CC} / 2; MAX4188; A_V = +2V/V, R_F = R_G = 1.1k\Omega \text{ for } R_L = 1k\Omega \text{ and } R_F = R_G = 620\Omega \text{ for } R_L = 150\Omega; MAX4189; A_V = +1V/V, R_F = 1500\Omega \text{ for } R_L = 1k\Omega \text{ and } R_F = 1600\Omega \text{ for } R_L = 150\Omega; MAX4190; A_V = +2V/V, R_F = R_G = 1300\Omega \text{ for } R_L = 1k\Omega, R_F = R_G = 680\Omega \text{ for } R_L = 150\Omega; T_A = T_{MIN} \text{ to } T_{MAX}, \text{ unless otherwise noted. Typical values are specified at } T_A = +25^{\circ}C.$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Operating Supply Voltage		Inferred from PSRR tests	4.5		5.5	V
Input Voltage Range	Vcm	Guaranteed by CMRR test	1.6 to 3.4	1.3 to 3.7		V
Input Offset Voltage	Vos	V _{CM} = 2.5V (Note 1)		±1.5	±6.0	mV
Input Offset Voltage Tempco	TCvos			±10		µV/°C
Input Offset Voltage Matching				±1		mV
Input Bias Current (Positive Input)	IB+			±1	±10	μA
Input Bias Current (Negative Input)	I _{B-}			±2	±12	μA
Input Resistance (Positive Input)	R _{IN+}	$1.6V \le V_{CM} \le 3.4V, V_{IN+} - V_{IN-} \le 1V$	100	350		kΩ
Input Resistance (Negative Input)	R _{IN-}			300		Ω
Input Capacitance (Positive Input)	C _{IN}			2.5		pF
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	$1.5V \le V_{CM} \le 3.5V$	48	65		dB
Onen Leon Transresistenes		$1.3V \le V_{OUT} \le 3.7V$, $R_L = 1k\Omega$	1.0	6.5		140
Open-Loop Transresistance	TR	$1.45V \le V_{OUT} \le 3.55V$, R _L = 150Ω	0.2	1.0		MΩ
		$R_L = 1k\Omega$	1.2 to 3.8	0.9 to 4.1		
Output Voltage Swing	V _{SW}	$R_L = 150\Omega$	1.4 to 3.6	1.15 to 3.85		V
Output Current	IOUT	$R_L = 30\Omega$	±16	±28		mA
Output Short-Circuit Current	I _{SC}			±50		mA
Output Resistance	Rout			0.2		Ω
Disabled Output Leakage Current	IOUT(OFF)	$\overline{\text{DISABLE}} \le V_{\text{IL}}$, 1.2V $\le V_{\text{OUT}} \le$ 3.8V (Note 2)		0.8	±5	μA
Disabled Output Capacitance	COUT(OFF)	$\overline{\text{DISABLE}} \le V_{\text{IL}}$, $1.2V \le V_{\text{OUT}} \le 3.8V$		5		pF
DISABLE Low Threshold	VIL	(Note 3)			V _{CC} - 3	V
DISABLE High Threshold	VIH	(Note 3)	V _{CC} - 1.8	3		V
DISABLE Input Current	lin	$0 \leq \overline{\text{DISABLE}} \leq V_{CC}$		0.1	2	μA
Power-Supply Rejection Ratio (Vcc)	PSRR+	$V_{CC} = 4.5 V \text{ to } 5.5 V$	60	75		dB
Quiescent Supply Current (per Amplifier)	IS	R _L = open		1.5	1.85	mA
Disabled Supply Current (per Amplifier)	I _{S(OFF)}	DISABLE_ ≤ VIL, RL = open		0.45	0.65	mA

MAX4188/MAX4189/MAX4190



AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—Dual Supplies (MAX4188)

 $(V_{CC} = +5V, V_{EE} = -5V, V_{IN} = 0, \overline{DISABLE} \ge 3V, A_V = +2V/V, R_F = R_G = 910\Omega$ for $R_L = 1k\Omega$ or $R_F = R_G = 560\Omega$ for $R_L = 150\Omega$; $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CO	NDITIONS	MIN 1	ΓΥΡ ΜΑΧ	UNITS
	DW	$R_L = 1k\Omega$	$R_L = 1k\Omega$		200	
Small-Signal -3dB Bandwidth	BW-3dB	RL = 150Ω	160		- MHz	
		$R_L = 1k\Omega$		().25	10
Peaking		$R_L = 150\Omega$			0.1	– dB
	-	$R_L = 1k\Omega$			60	
Bandwidth for 0.1dB Flatness	BW0.1dB	$R_L = 150\Omega$			80	- MHz
			$R_L = 1k\Omega$		100	
Large-Signal -3dB Bandwidth	BWLS	$V_{OUT} = 2Vp-p$	$R_L = 150\Omega$		100	- MHz
		Vout = 4V step,	Positive slew		350	
Slew Rate	SR	$R_L = 150\Omega$	Negative slew	2	280	V/µs
Settling Time to 0.1%	ts	V _{OUT} = 4V step			22	ns
			Rise time		10	
Rise/Fall Time		V _{OUT} = 4V step	Fall time		12	– ns
		$f_{\rm C} = 5 MHz$,	$R_L = 1k\Omega$		70	-10
Spurious-Free Dynamic Range	SFDR	V _{OUT} = 2Vp-p	$R_L = 150\Omega$		56	- dB
		$f_{C} = 5MHz$,	$R_L = 1k\Omega$		-70	-10 -
Second Harmonic Distortion		V _{OUT} = 2Vp-p	$R_L = 150\Omega$		-66	— dBc
Third Llarmonia Distortion		$f_{\rm C} = 5 {\rm MHz},$	$R_L = 1k\Omega$		-73	dDo
Third Harmonic Distortion		Vout = 2Vp-p	$R_L = 150\Omega$		-56	– dBc
Differential Phase Error		DP NTSC	$R_L = 1k\Omega$	().05	dograac
Differential Phase Error	DP	NISC	$R_L = 150\Omega$	().32	- degrees
Differential Gain Error	DG	NTSC	$R_L = 1k\Omega$	(0.03	%
	DG	NI3C	$R_L = 150\Omega$	(0.04	70
Input Noise Voltage Density	en	f = 10kHz	·		2	nV/√Hz
Input Noise Current Density	in	f = 10kHz	Positive input		4	pA/√Hz
input Noise Current Density	11	T = TOKITZ	Negative input		5	paritiz
Output Impedance	Zout	f = 10MHz			4	Ω
Crosstalk		f = 10MHz, input ref			-55	dB
All Hostile Off Isolation		f = 10MHz, input ref	erred		-65	dB
Gain Matching to 0.1dB				-	100	MHz
Amplifier Enable Time	ton	Delay from DISABLE VIN = 0.5V	Delay from DISABLE to 90% of V_{OUT} , $V_{IN} = 0.5V$		120	ns
Amplifier Disable Time	toff	Delay from DISABLE VIN = 0.5V	E to 10% of Vout,	35		ns
Disable/Enable Switching		Positive transient			30	mV
Transient		Negative transient			15	

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—Dual Supplies (MAX4189)

 $(V_{CC} = +5V, V_{EE} = -5V, V_{IN} = 0, \overline{DISABLE} \ge 3V, A_V = +1V/V, R_F = 1600\Omega$ for $R_L = 1k\Omega$ and $R_F = 1100\Omega$ for $R_L = 150\Omega$; $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	COI	NDITIONS	MIN	TYP MAX	UNITS
Small Signal 2dD Dandwidth		$R_L = 1k\Omega$			250	MHz
Small-Signal -3dB Bandwidth	BW-3dB	$R_L = 150\Omega$	$R_L = 150\Omega$		210	
Desking		$R_L = 1k\Omega$			1.4	-10
Peaking		$R_L = 150\Omega$			0.15	– dB
	DW	$R_L = 1k\Omega$			7	
Bandwidth for 0.1dB Flatness	BW _{0.1dB}	RL = 150Ω			30	- MHz
	DW		$R_L = 1k\Omega$		60	
Large-Signal -3dB Bandwidth	BWLS	Vout = 2Vp-p	$R_L = 150\Omega$		55	- MHz
Class Data	CD	Vout = 4V step,	Positive slew		175	N//
Slew Rate	SR	$R_L = 150\Omega$	Negative slew		150	V/µs
Settling Time to 0.1%	ts	Vout = 4V step			28	ns
			Rise time		20	
Rise/Fall Time		Vout = 4V step	Fall time		22	– ns
	CEDD	$f_{\rm C} = 5 \rm MHz$,	$R_L = 1k\Omega$		65	-10
Spurious-Free Dynamic Range	SFDR	Vout = 2Vp-p	$R_L = 150\Omega$		51	– dB
		fc = 5MHz,	$R_L = 1k\Omega$		-65	10
Second Harmonic Distortion		V _{OUT} = 2Vp-p	$R_L = 150\Omega$		-63	– dBc
		$f_{\rm C} = 5 \rm MHz$,	$R_L = 1k\Omega$		-70	10
Third Harmonic Distortion		V _{OUT} = 2Vp-p	$R_L = 150\Omega$		-51	– dBc
Differential Dheese Error	DP NTSC $R_L = 1k\Omega$		$R_L = 1k\Omega$		0.02	dograa
Differential Phase Error	DP	NISC	$R_L = 150\Omega$		0.66	degree
Differential Cain Error		NTSC	$R_L = 1k\Omega$		0.07	%
Differential Gain Error	DG	NISC	$R_L = 150\Omega$		0.18	_ %
Input Noise Voltage Density	en	f = 10kHz	L		2	nV/√Hz
Input Noise Current Density		f = 10kHz	Positive input		4	pA/√Hz
Input Noise Current Density	l in		Negative input		5	
Output Impedance	Zout	f = 10MHz			4	Ω
Crosstalk		f = 10MHz, input ref	erred		-57	dB
All Hostile Off Isolation		f = 10MHz, input ref	erred		-55	dB
Gain Matching to 0.1dB					24	MHz
Amplifier Enable Time	ton	Delay from $\overline{\text{DISABLE}}$ to 90% of V _{OUT} , V _{IN} = 0.5V		120	ns	
Amplifier Disable Time	toff	Delay from DISABLE to 10% of V _{OUT} , V _{IN} = 0.5V		40		ns
Disable/Enable Switching		Positive transient			70	
Transient		Negative transient		110		— mV

AC & DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE—Dual Supplies (MAX4190)

 $(V_{CC}$ = +5V, V_{EE} = -5V, V_{IN} = 0, A_V = +2V/V; R_F = R_G = 1300 Ω for R_L = 1k Ω and R_F = R_G = 680 Ω for R_L = 150 Ω , T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CC	ONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Small-Signal -3dB Bandwidth	PW/cc	$W_{SS} = \frac{R_L = 1k\Omega}{R_L = 150\Omega}$			185		MHz
Sinali-Signal -Sub banuwuun	DVVSS			150			
Dealking		$R_L = 1k\Omega$			0.1		dB
Peaking		$R_L = 150\Omega$			0.1		
Bandwidth for 0.1dB Flatness	BWLS	$R_L = 1k\Omega$			85		MHz
Bandwidth for 0.10B Flathess	DVVLS	$R_L = 150k\Omega$			75		
Large-Signal -3dB Bandwidth	BWLS	V _O = 2Vp-p	$R_L = 1k\Omega$		95		MHz
Large-Signal -Sub Bandwidth	DWLS	v0 = 2vp-p	$R_L = 150\Omega$		95		
Slew Rate	SR	V _O = 4V step,	Positive slew		340		V/µs
Siew Rale	ЭК	$R_L = 150\Omega$	Negative slew		270		v/µs
Settling Time to 0.1%	ts	V _O = 2V step			22		ns
Rise/Fall Time	t _R	V _O = 4V step,	Rise time		10		nc
Rise/Fail Time	tF	$R_L = 150\Omega$	Fall time		12		ns
Spurious Free Dupomic Dopge		fc = 5MHz,	$R_L = 1k\Omega$		61		dD
Spurious-Free Dynamic Range		$V_O = 2Vp-p$	$R_L = 150\Omega$		55		dB
Second Harmonic Distortion		$f_{\rm C} = 5 {\rm MHz},$	$R_L = 1k\Omega$		-65		dBc
Second Harmonic Distortion		$V_{O} = 2Vp-p$	$R_L = 150\Omega$		-55		ивс
Third Harmonic Distortion		$f_{\rm C} = 5 {\rm MHz},$	$R_L = 1k\Omega$		-73		dBc
		Vo = 2Vp-p	$R_L = 150\Omega$		-61		UBC
Differential Gain Error	DG	NTSC	$R_L = 1k\Omega$		0.03		degrees
Diferential Gain Error	DG	INTSC	$R_L = 150\Omega$		0.07		degrees
Differential Phase Error	DP	NTSC	$R_L = 1k\Omega$		0.06		dograac
Differential Phase Error	DP	INTSC	$R_L = 150\Omega$		0.45		degrees
Input Noice Current Density		f = 10kHz	Positive input		4		pA/√Hz
Input Noise Current Density			Negative input		5		
Input Noise Voltage Density	en	f = 10kHz			2		nV/√Hz
Output Impedance	Zout	f = 10MHz			4		Ω
All Hostile Off Isolation		f = 10MHz, input re	eferred		-60		dB
Turn-On Time from DISABLE	ton				120		ns
Turn-Off Time from DISABLE	toff				35		ns
Disable/Enable Switching	BWLS	Positive transient			30		mV
Transient	DVVLS	Negative transient			15		

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—Single Supply (MAX4188)

 $(V_{CC} = +5V, V_{EE} = 0, V_{IN} = 2.5V, \overline{DISABLE} \ge 3V, R_L \text{ to } V_{CC} / 2, A_V = +2V/V, R_F = R_G = 1.1k\Omega \text{ for } R_L = 1k\Omega \text{ to } V_{CC} / 2 \text{ and } R_F = R_G = 620\Omega \text{ for } R_L = 150\Omega; T_A = +25^{\circ}C, \text{ unless otherwise noted.}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CO	NDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
	DW	$R_L = 1k\Omega$	$R_{L} = 1k\Omega$ $R_{L} = 150\Omega$		185			
Small-Signal -3dB Bandwidth	BW-3dB	$R_L = 150\Omega$			145		MHz	
		$R_L = 1k\Omega$			0.1		15	
Peaking		$R_L = 150\Omega$			0.1		- dB	
		$R_L = 1k\Omega$			110		N 41 1-	
Bandwidth for 0.1dB Flatness	BW0.1dB	$R_L = 150\Omega$			65		- MHz	
Large Signal 2dD Dandwidth	BWLS	Vour 2Vp p	$R_L = 1k\Omega$		80			
Large-Signal -3dB Bandwidth	DVVLS	$V_{OUT} = 2Vp-p$	$R_L = 150\Omega$		80		- MHz	
Slew Rate	SR	Vout = 2V step,	Positive slew		300		V/µs	
Slew Rale	SR	$R_L = 150\Omega$	Negative slew		230		V/µs	
Settling Time to 0.1%	ts	V _{OUT} = 2V step	L		20		ns	
Rise/Fall Time		V _{OUT} = 2V step	Rise time		8		nc	
		v001 = 2v step	Fall time		9		- ns	
Spurious-Free Dynamic Range	SFDR	fc = 5MHz,	$R_L = 1k\Omega$		66		- dB	
Spundus-Free Dynamic Range	SFDR	V _{OUT} = 2Vp-p	$R_L = 150\Omega$		56		ub	
Second Harmonic Distortion		$f_{\rm C} = 5 {\rm MHz},$	$R_L = 1k\Omega$		-76		- dBc	
		$V_{OUT} = 2Vp-p$	$R_L = 150\Omega$		-59			
Third Harmonic Distortion		$f_{\rm C} = 5 {\rm MHz},$	$R_L = 1k\Omega$		-66		- dBc	
		V _{OUT} = 2Vp-p	$R_L = 150\Omega$		-56		UDC	
Differential Phase Error	DP	NTSC	$R_L = 1k\Omega$		0.06		degree	
	DF	NI3C	$R_L = 150\Omega$		0.34		uegree	
Differential Gain Error	DG	NTSC	$R_L = 1k\Omega$		0.02		- %	
	DG	NISC	$R_L = 150\Omega$		0.05		70	
Input Noise Voltage Density	en	f = 10kHz			2		nV/√Hz	
Input Noise Current Density	in	f = 10kHz	Positive input		4		- pA/√Hz	
input Noise Current Density	11		Negative input		5			
Output Impedance	Zout	f = 10MHz			4		Ω	
Crosstalk		f = 10MHz, input ref			-55		dB	
All Hostile Off Isolation		f = 10MHz, input ref	erred		-65		dB	
Gain Matching to 0.1dB					40		MHz	
Amplifier Enable Time	ton	Delay from DISABLI VIN = 3V	Delay from DISABLE to 90% of V_{OUT} , $V_{IN} = 3V$		120		ns	
Amplifier Disable Time	toff	Delay from DISABLI VIN = 3V	Delay from $\overline{\text{DISABLE}}$ to 10% of V _{OUT} , V _{IN} = 3V		35		ns	
Disable/Enable Switching		Positive transient			30		m\/	
Transient		Negative transient		15			– mV	

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—Single Supply (MAX4189)

 $(V_{CC} = +5V, V_{EE} = 0, V_{IN} = 2.5V, \overline{DISABLE} \ge 3V, R_L \text{ to } V_{CC} / 2, A_V = +1V/V, R_F = 1500\Omega \text{ for } R_L = 1k\Omega \text{ and } R_F = 1600\Omega \text{ for } R_L = 150\Omega$; $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CO	NDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
		$R_L = 1k\Omega$			230		N 41 1-
Small-Signal -3dB Bandwidth	BW-3dB	$R_L = 150\Omega$	190			MHz	
		$R_L = 1k\Omega$			1.4		
Peaking		$R_L = 150\Omega$			0.15		dB
		$R_L = 1k\Omega$			7		
Bandwidth for 0.1dB Flatness	BW0.1dB	$R_L = 150\Omega$			40		MHz
			$R_L = 1k\Omega$		50		
Large-Signal -3dB Bandwidth	BWLS	V _{OUT} = 2Vp-p	$R_L = 150\Omega$		45		MHz
	CD	Vout = 2V step,	Positive slew		160		
Slew Rate	SR	$R_L = 150\Omega$	Negative slew		135		V/µs
Settling Time to 0.1%	ts	V _{OUT} = 2V step			25		ns
			Rise time		12		
Rise/Fall Time		V _{OUT} = 2V step	Fall time		15		ns
	0.555	$f_{\rm C} = 5 MHz$,	$R_L = 1k\Omega$		57		
Spurious-Free Dynamic Range	SFDR	V _{OUT} = 2Vp-p	$R_L = 150\Omega$		47		dB
		$f_{\rm C} = 5 \rm MHz$,	$R_L = 1k\Omega$		-58		
Second Harmonic Distortion		V _{OUT} = 2Vp-p	$R_L = 150\Omega$		-54		— dBc
TH. 111		$f_{\rm C} = 5 \text{MHz},$	$R_L = 1k\Omega$		-57		
Third Harmonic Distortion		V _{OUT} = 2Vp-p	$R_L = 150\Omega$		-47		dBc
		$R_L = 1k\Omega$	$R_L = 1k\Omega$		0.04		
Differential Phase Error	DP	NTSC	$R_L = 150\Omega$		0.66	<u> </u>	degrees
	DC	NTCO	$R_L = 1k\Omega$		0.06		0/
Differential Gain Error	DG	NTSC	$R_L = 150\Omega$		0.17		%
Input Noise Voltage Density	en	f = 10kHz	L		2		nV/√Hz
Input Naios Current Density		f 10415	Positive input		4		
Input Noise Current Density	l in	f = 10kHz	Negative input		5		pA/√Hz
Output Impedance	Zout	f = 10MHz			4		Ω
Crosstalk		f = 10MHz, input ref	erred		-57		dB
All Hostile Off Isolation		f = 10MHz, input ref	erred		-55		dB
Gain Matching to 0.1dB					25		MHz
Amplifier Enable Time	ton	Delay from DISABLE VIN = 3V	Delay from $\overline{\text{DISABLE}}$ to 90% of V _{OUT} , VIN = 3V		120		ns
Amplifier Disable Time	toff	Delay from $\overline{\text{DISABLE}}$ to 10% of V _{OUT} , V _{IN} = 3V			40		ns
Disable/Enable Switching		Positive transient			70		
Transient		Negative transient			110		mV

Note 1: Input Offset Voltage does not include the effect of IBIAS flowing through RF/RG.

Note 2: Does not include current through external feedback network.

Note 3: Over operating supply-voltage range.

M/IXI/M

AC & DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE—Single Supply (MAX4190)

 $(V_{CC}$ = +5V, V_{EE} = 0, V_{IN} = 0, A_V = +2V/V; R_F = R_G = 1500 Ω for R_L = 1k Ω and R_F = R_G = 750 Ω for R_L = 150 Ω , T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CC	ONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
	DW	$R_{L} = 1k\Omega$			165		
Small-Signal -3dB Bandwidth	BW-3dB	$R_L = 150\Omega$		135		MHz	
		$R_L = 1k\Omega$			0.1		10
Peaking		$R_L = 150\Omega$			0.1		dB
	DW	$R_L = 1k\Omega$			70		
Bandwidth for 0.1dB Flatness	BW0.1dB	$R_L = 150\Omega$			65		MHz
			$R_L = 1k\Omega$		75		
Large-Signal -3dB Bandwidth	BWLS	$V_{O} = 2Vp-p$	$R_L = 150\Omega$		75		MHz
Slew Rate	SR	V _O = 2V step,	Positive slew		290		1//10
Siew Rale	SR	$R_L = 150\Omega$	Negative slew		220		V/µs
Settling Time to 0.1%	ts	V _O = 2V step			20		ns
Rise/Fall Time	t _R	V _O = 2V step,	Rise time		8		nc
Rise/Fail Time	tF	$R_L = 150\Omega$	Fall time		9		ns
Spurious-Free Dynamic Range		$f_{\rm C} = 5 {\rm MHz},$	$R_L = 1k\Omega$		59		dB
Spundus-Free Dynamic Range		$V_{O} = 2Vp-p$	$R_L = 150\Omega$		55		
Second Harmonic Distortion		$f_{\rm C} = 5 {\rm MHz},$	$R_L = 1k\Omega$		-59		dBc
		$V_{O} = 2Vp-p$	$R_L = 150\Omega$		-55		UBC
Third Harmonic Distortion		$f_{\rm C} = 5 {\rm MHz},$	$R_L = 1k\Omega$		-68		dBc
		$V_{O} = 2Vp-p$	$R_L = 150\Omega$		-60		
Differential Gain Error	DG	NTSC	$R_L = 1k\Omega$		0.02		%
Differential Gain Error		NISC	$R_L = 150\Omega$		0.08		70
Differential Phase Error	DP	NTSC	$R_L = 1k\Omega$		0.07		degree
		NISC	$R_L = 150\Omega$		0.43		ucgree
Input Noise Voltage Density		f = 10kHz			2		nV/√Hz
Input Noise Current Density	in	f = 10kHz	Positive input		4		pA/√Hz
input Noise Guirent Density	'''		Negative input		5		p., 112
Output Impedance	Zout	f = 10MHz			4		Ω
All Hostile Off Isolation		f = 10MHz, input re	eferred, $R_L = 150\Omega$		-60		dB
Turn-On Time from DISABLE	ton				120		ns
Turn-Off Time from DISABLE	toff				35		ns
Disable/Enable Switching	BWLS	Positive transient			30		mV
Transient		Negative transient		15] ''''

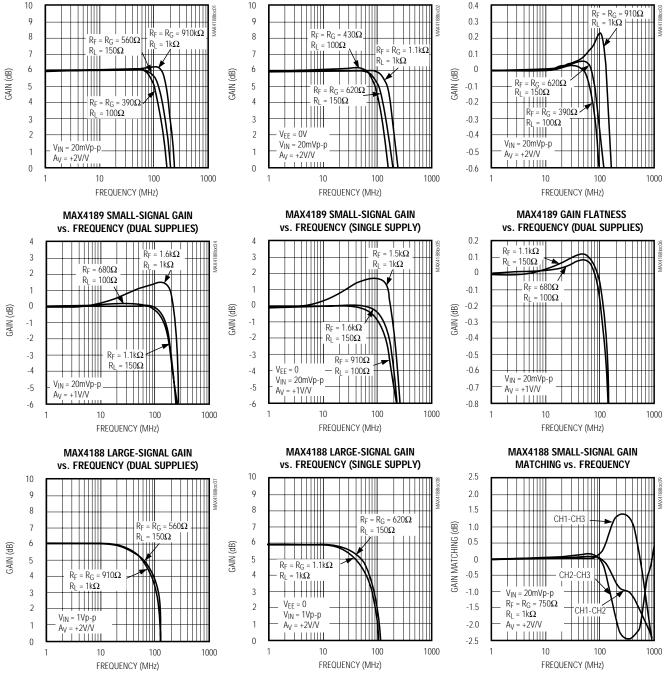
MAX4188 SMALL-SIGNAL GAIN

vs. FREQUENCY (SINGLE SUPPLY)

 $(V_{CC} = +5V, V_{FF} = -5V, T_A = +25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise noted.)$

MAX4188 SMALL-SIGNAL GAIN

vs. FREQUENCY (DUAL SUPPLIES)



Typical Operating Characteristics

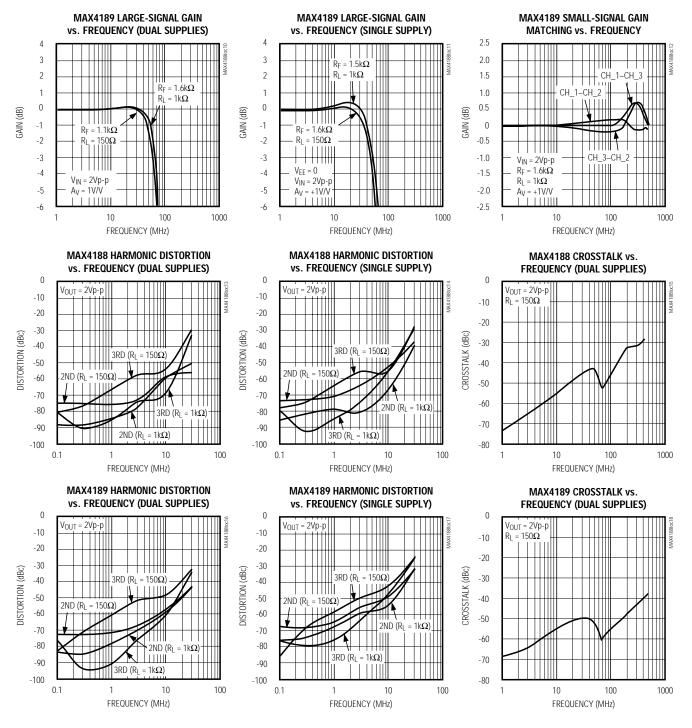
MAX4188 GAIN FLATNESS

vs. FREQUENCY (DUAL SUPPLIES)

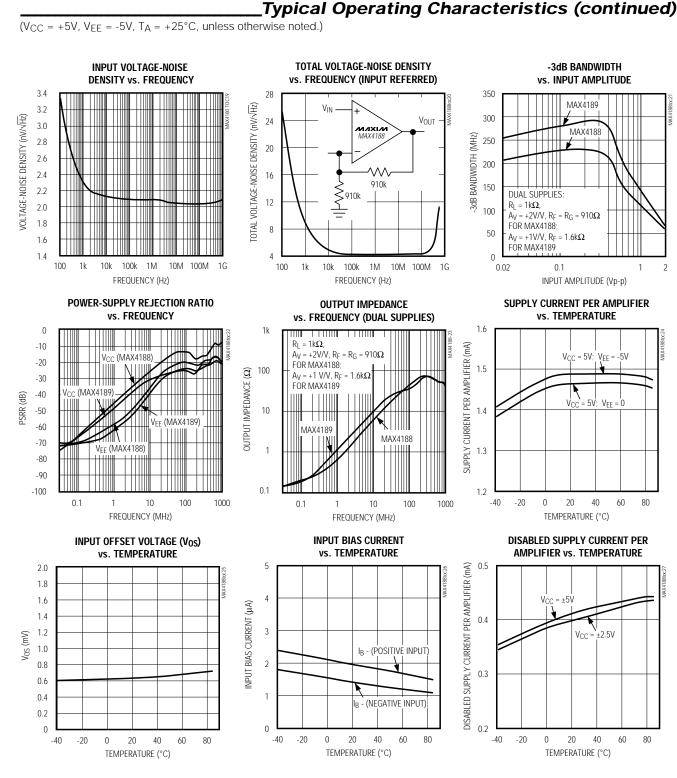
Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

(V_{CC} = +5V, V_{EE} = -5V, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

/M/IXI/M



_ 11

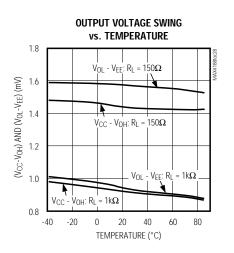


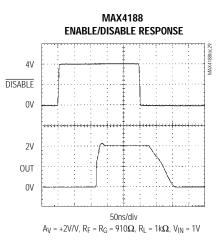
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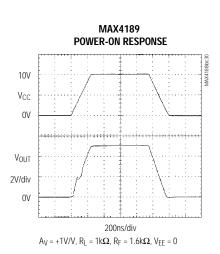
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Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

 $(V_{CC} = +5V, V_{EE} = -5V, T_A = +25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise noted.)$

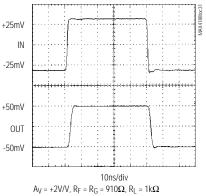


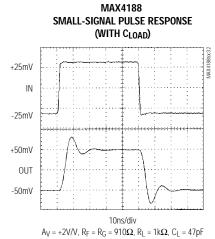




MAX4188/MAX4189/MAX4190

MAX4188 SMALL-SIGNAL PULSE RESPONSE



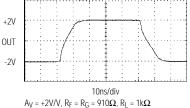


MAX4188 LARGE-SIGNAL PULSE RESPONSE

+1V

IN

-1V



_Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

-95

1

10

FREQUENCY (MHz)

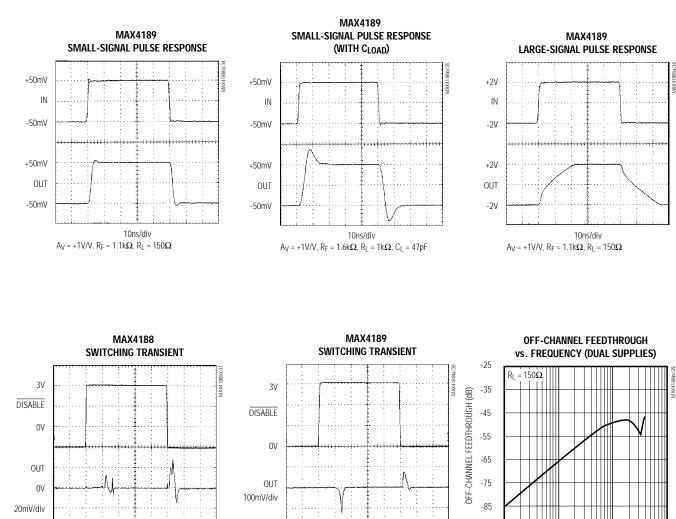
100

1000

(V_{CC} = +5V, V_{EE} = -5V, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

100ns/div

 $A_V = +2V/V$, $R_F = 910\Omega$, $R_L = 1k\Omega$, $V_{IN} = 0$



100ns/div

 $A_V=+1V/V,\ R_F=1.6k\Omega,\ R_L=1k\Omega,\ V_{IN}=0$

M/IXI/M

_Pin Descriptions

PIN						
MAX4188	MAX4188/MAX4189		NAME	FUNCTION		
SO	QSOP	SO/µMAX				
1	1	_	DISABLE1	Disable Control Input for Amplifier 1. Amplifier 1 is enabled when $\overline{\text{DISABLE1}} \ge (V_{CC} - 2V)$ and disabled when $\overline{\text{DISABLE1}} \le (V_{CC} - 3V)$.		
2	2	_	DISABLE2	Disable Control Input for Amplifier 2. Amplifier 2 is enabled when $\overline{\text{DISABLE2}} \ge (V_{CC} - 2V)$ and disabled when $\overline{\text{DISABLE2}} \le (V_{CC} - 3V)$.		
3	3	_	DISABLE3	Disable Control Input for Amplifier 3. Amplifier 3 is enabled when $\overline{\text{DISABLE3}} \ge (V_{CC} - 2V)$ and disabled when $\overline{\text{DISABLE3}} \le (V_{CC} - 3V)$.		
4	4	7	Vcc	Positive Power Supply. Connect V _{CC} to +5V.		
5	5	_	IN1+	Amplifier 1 Noninverting Input		
6	6	_	IN1- Amplifier 1 Inverting Input			
7	7	_	OUT1	Amplifier 1 Output		
_	8, 9	1, 5	N.C.	No Connect. Not internally connected.		
8	10	_	OUT3	Amplifier 3 Output		
9	11	_	IN3-	Amplifier 3 Inverting Input		
10	12	_	IN3+	Amplifier 3 Noninverting Input		
11	13	4	VEE	Negative Power Supply. Connect V_{EE} to -5V or to ground for single-supply operation.		
12	14	_	IN2+	Amplifier 2 Noninverting Input		
13	15	_	IN2-	Amplifier 2 Inverting Input		
14	16	_	OUT2	Amplifier 2 Output		
_	_	2	IN-	Amplifier Inverting Input		
—	-	3	IN+	Amplifier Noninverting Input		
_	_	6	OUT	Amplifier Output		
_	_	8	DISABLE	Disable Control Input. Amplifier is enabled when $\overline{\text{DISABLE}} \ge (V_{CC} - 2V)$ and disabled when $\overline{\text{DISABLE}} \le (V_{CC} - 3V)$.		

_Detailed Description

The MAX4188/MAX4189/MAX4190 are very low-power, current-feedback amplifiers featuring bandwidths up to 250MHz, 0.1dB gain flatness to 80MHz, and low differential gain (0.03%) and phase (0.05°) errors. These amplifiers achieve very high bandwidth-to-power ratios while maintaining low distortion, wide signal swing, and excellent load-driving capabilities. They are optimized for $\pm 5V$ supplies but are also fully specified for single $\pm 5V$ operation. Consuming only 1.5mA per amplifier, these devices have ± 55 mA output current drive capability and achieve low distortion even while driving 150Ω loads.

Wide bandwidth, low power, low differential phase/gain error, and excellent gain flatness make the MAX4188 family ideal for use in portable video equipment such as video cameras, video switchers, and other batterypowered equipment. Their two-stage design provides higher gain and lower distortion than conventional single-stage, current-feedback amplifiers. This feature, combined with a fast settling time, makes these devices suitable for buffering high-speed analog-to-digital converters.

The MAX4188/MAX4189/MAX4190 have a high-speed, low-power disable mode that is activated by driving the amplifiers' DISABLE input low. In the disable mode, the



MAX4188/MAX4189/MAX4190

amplifiers achieve very high isolation from input to output (65dB at 10MHz), and the outputs are placed into a highimpedance state. These amplifiers achieve low switching-transient glitches (<45mVp-p) when switching between enable and disable modes. Fast enable/disable times (120ns/35ns), along with high off-isolation and low switching transients, allow these devices to be used as high-performance, high-speed multiplexers. This is achieved by connecting the outputs of multiple amplifiers together and controlling the **DISABLE** inputs to enable one amplifier and disable all others. The disabled amplifiers present a very light load (1µA leakage current and 3.5pF capacitance) to the active amplifier's output. The feedback network impedance of all the disabled amplifiers must still be considered when calculating the total load on the active amplifier output. Figure 1 shows an application circuit using the MAX4188 as a 3:1 video multiplexer.

The DISABLE_ logic threshold is typically V_{CC} - 2.5V, independent of V_{EE}. For a single +5V supply or dual \pm 5V supplies, the disable inputs are CMOS-logic compatible. The amplifiers default to the enabled mode if the DISABLE pin is left unconnected. If the DISABLE pin is left floating, take proper care to ensure that no high-frequency signals are coupled to this pin, as this may cause false triggering.

_Applications Information

Theory of Operation

The MAX4188/MAX4189/MAX4190 are current-feedback amplifiers, and their open-loop transfer function is expressed as a transimpedance, $\Delta V_{OUT}/\Delta I_{IN}$, or T_Z. The frequency behavior of the open-loop transimpedance is similar to the open-loop gain of a voltage-mode feedback amplifier. That is, it has a large DC value and decreases at approximately 6dB per octave.

Analyzing the follower with gain, as shown in Figure 2, yields the following transfer function:

$$V_{OUT} / V_{IN} = G \times [(T_Z (S) / T_Z(S) + G \times (R_{IN} + R_F)]]$$

where G = AvcL = 1 + (RF / RG), and RIN = 1/gM \cong 300 $\Omega.$

At low gains, G x R_{IN} < R_F. Therefore, the closed-loop bandwidth is essentially independent of closed-loop gain. Similarly $T_Z > R_F$ at low frequencies, so that:

$$\frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN}} = G = 1 + (R_F / R_G)$$

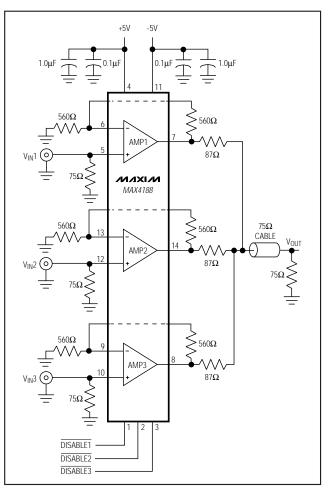


Figure 1. High-Speed 3:1 Video Multiplexer

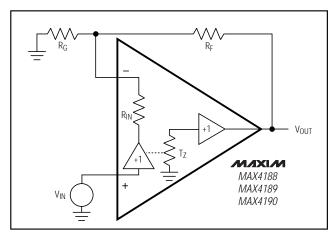


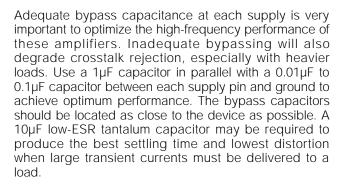
Figure 2. Current-Feedback Amplifier

Layout and Power-Supply Bypassing

As with all wideband amplifiers, a carefully laid out printed circuit board and adequate power-supply bypassing are essential to realizing the optimum AC performance of MAX4188/MAX4189/MAX4190. The PC board should have at least two layers. Signal and power should be on one layer. A large low-impedance ground plane, as free of voids as possible, should be the other layer. With multilayer boards, locate the ground plane on a layer that incorporates no signal or power traces.

Do not use wire-wrap boards or breadboards and sockets. Wire-wrap boards are too inductive. Breadboards and sockets are too capacitive. Surface-mount components have lower parasitic inductance and capacitance, and are therefore preferable to through-hole components. Keep lines as short as possible to minimize parasitic inductance, and avoid 90° turns. Round all corners. Terminate all unused amplifier inputs to ground with a 100Ω or 150Ω resistor.

The MAX4188/MAX4189/MAX4190 achieve a high degree of off-isolation (65dB at 10MHz) and low crosstalk (-55dB at 10MHz). The input and output signal traces must be kept from overlapping to achieve high off-isolation. Coupling between the signal traces of different channels will degrade crosstalk. The signal traces of each channel should be kept from overlapping with the signal traces of the other channels.



Choosing Feedback and Gain Resistors The optimum value of the external-feedback (R_F) and gain-setting (R_G) resistors used with the MAX4188/ MAX4189/MAX4190 depends on the closed-loop gain and the application circuit's load. Table 1 lists the optimum resistor values for some specific gain configurations. One-percent resistor values are preferred to maintain consistency over a wide range of production lots. Figures 3a and 3b show the standard inverting and noninverting configurations. Note that the noninverting circuit gain (Figure 3b) is 1 plus the magnitude of the inverting closed-loop gain. Otherwise, the two circuits are identical.

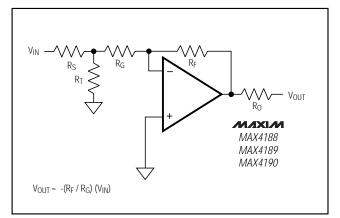


Figure 3a. Inverting Gain Configuration

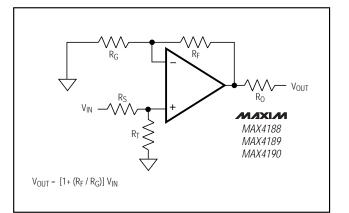


Figure 3b. Noninverting Gain Configuration

	DUAL SUPPLIES					SINGLE SUPPLY				
COMPONENT/ BW	A _V = +2V/V			A _V = +5 A _V = +10 (V/V) (V/V)		A _V = +2V/V			A _V = +5 V/V	A _V = +10 V/V
511	RL = 1kΩ	RL = 150Ω	RL = 100Ω	RL = 1kΩ	RL = 1kΩ	RL = 1kΩ	RL = 150Ω	RL = 100Ω	RL = 1kΩ	RL = 1kΩ
R _F (Ω)	910	560	390	470	470	1.1k	620	430	470	470
R _G (Ω)	910	560	390	120	51	1.1k	620	430	120	51
-3dB BW (MHz)	200	160	145	70	30	185	145	130	70	30

Table 1a. MAX4188 Recommended Component Values

Table 1b. MAX4189 Recommended Component Values

		DUAL SUPPLIES		SINGLE SUPPLY				
COMPONENT/ BW		$A_V = +1V/V$		A _V = +1V/V				
511	$R_L = 1k\Omega$	R L = 150Ω	R L = 100Ω	$R_L = 1k\Omega$	R L = 150Ω	R L = 100Ω		
R _G (Ω)	1.6k	1.1k	680	1.5k	1.6k	910		
-3dB BW (MHz)	250	210	185	230	190	165		

Table 1c. MAX4190 Recommended Component Values

	DUAL SUPPLIES					SINGLE SUPPLY				
COMPONENT/ BW	A _V = +2V/V			A _V = +5 (V/V)	A _V = +10 (V/V)	A _V = +1V/V		1	A _V = +5 V/V	A _V = +10 V/V
	RL = 1kΩ	RL = 150Ω	RL = 100Ω	RL = 1kΩ	RL = 1kΩ	RL = 1kΩ	RL = 150Ω	RL = 100Ω	RL = 1kΩ	RL = 1kΩ
R _F (Ω)	1.3k	680	510	470	470	1.5k	750	510	470	470
R _G (Ω)	1.3k	680	510	120	51	1.5k	750	510	120	51
-3dB BW (MHz)	185	180	135	70	30	165	135	125	70	30

DC and Noise Errors

Several major error sources must be considered in any op amp. These apply equally to the MAX4188/ MAX4189/MAX4190. Offset-error terms are given by the equation below. Voltage and current-noise errors are root-square summed and are therefore computed separately. In Figure 4, the total output offset voltage is determined by the following factors:

- The input offset voltage (V_{OS}) times the closed-loop gain (1 = R_F / R_G).
- The positive input bias current (I_{B+}) times the source resistor (R_S) (usually 50Ω or 75Ω), plus the negative input bias current (I_{B-}) times the parallel combination of R_G and R_F. In current-feedback amplifiers, the input bias currents at the IN+ and IN-terminals do not track each other and may have opposite polarity, so there is no benefit to matching the resistance at both inputs.

The equation for the total DC error at the output is:

$$V_{OUT} = \left[\left(I_{B+} \right) R_{S} + \left(I_{B-} \right) \left(R_{F} \mid \mid R_{G} \right) + V_{OS} \right] \left(1 + \frac{R_{F}}{R_{G}} \right)$$

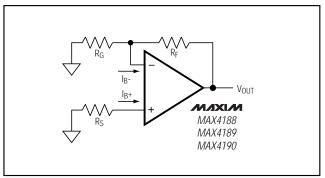


Figure 4. Output Offset Voltage



The total output-referred noise voltage is:

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{e}_{n(OUT)} &= \left(1 + \frac{\mathbf{R}_{F}}{\mathbf{R}_{G}}\right) \mathbf{x} \\ \sqrt{\left[\left(\mathbf{i}_{n+}\right)\mathbf{R}_{S}\right]^{2} + \left[\left(\mathbf{i}_{n-}\right)\mathbf{R}_{F} \mid \mid \mathbf{R}_{G}\right]^{2} + \left(\mathbf{e}_{n}\right)^{2}} \end{aligned}$$

The MAX4188/MAX4189/MAX4190 have a very low, $2nV/\sqrt{Hz}$ noise voltage. The current noise at the positive input (in+) is $4pA/\sqrt{Hz}$, and the current noise at the inverting input is $5pA/\sqrt{Hz}$.

An example of the DC error calculations, using the MAX4188 typical data and typical operating circuit where $R_F = R_G = 560 k\Omega$ ($R_F \parallel R_G = 280\Omega$), and $R_S = 37.5\Omega$, gives the following:

$$V_{OUT} = \begin{bmatrix} (1 \times 10^{-6}) \times 37.5 + (2 \times 10^{-6}) 280 \\ + 1.5 \times 10^{-3} \end{bmatrix} \times (1+1)$$
$$V_{OUT} = 4.1 \text{mV}$$

Calculating the total output noise in a similar manner yields:

$$e_{n(OUT)} = (1+1) \sqrt{\left(4 \times 10^{-12} \times 37.5\right)^2 + \left(5 \times 10^{-12} \times 280\right)^2 + \left(2 \times 10^{-9}\right)^2}$$

 $e_{n(OUT)} = 4.8nV/\sqrt{Hz}$

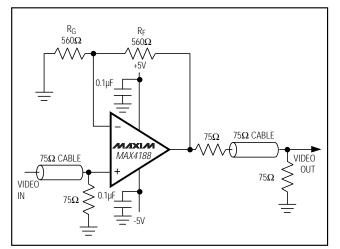


Figure 5. Video Line Driver Application

With a 200MHz system bandwidth, this calculates to $68\mu V_{RMS}$ (approximately $408\mu Vp$ -p, choosing the six-sigma value).

Video Line Driver

The MAX4188/MAX4189/MAX4190 are well suited to drive coaxial transmission lines when the cable is terminated at both ends (Figure 5). Cable frequency response can cause variations in the signal's flatness. See Table 1 for optimum R_F and R_G values.

Driving Capacitive Loads

The MAX4188/MAX4189/MAX4190 are optimized for AC performance. Reactive loads decrease phase margin and may produce excessive ringing and oscillation. Unlike most high-speed amplifiers, the MAX4188/ MAX4189/MAX4190 are tolerant of capacitive loads up to 50pF. Capacitive loads greater than 50pF may cause ringing and oscillation. Figure 6a shows a circuit that eliminates this problem. Placing the small (usually 15Ω to 33Ω) isolation resistor, Rs, before the reactive load prevents ringing and oscillation. At higher capacitive loads, the interaction of the load capacitance and isolation resistor controls AC performance. Figures 6b and 6c show the MAX4188 and MAX4189 frequency response with a 100pF capacitive load. Note that in each case, gain peaking is substantially reduced when the 20 Ω resistor is used to isolate the capacitive load from the amplifier output.

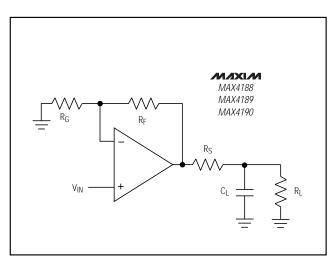


Figure 6a. Using an Isolation Resistor (Rs) for High Capacitive Loads

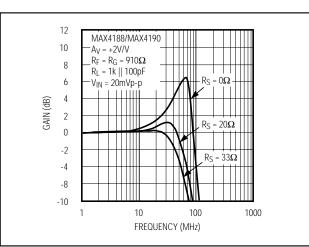
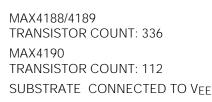


Figure 6b. Normalized Frequency Response with 100pF Capacitive Load

Chip Information



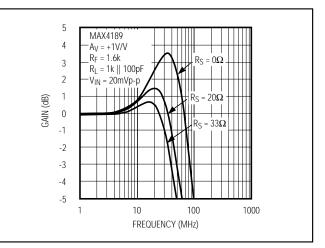


Figure 6c. Normalized Frequency Response with 100pF Capacitive Load

_Ordering Information (continued)

PART	TEMP. RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX4189ESD	-40°C to +85°C	14 SO
MAX4189EEE	-40°C to +85°C	16 QSOP
MAX4190ESD	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO
MAX4190EEE	-40°C to +85°C	8 μΜΑΧ

Pin Configurations

